

Documents On British Foreign Policy 1919 1939 First Series Volume 21 German Reparation And Allied Military Control 1923

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Venezuelan Arbitrations of 1903
- Jackson Harvey Ralston 1904

Documents on Irish Foreign Policy: 1941-1945 - Royal Irish Academy 1998
This volume contains 625 original documents, many

never seen before, from the archives of the Irish Department of Foreign Affairs, covering the key concerns of Second World War Irish foreign policy. The book shows that, far from Ireland being isolated from the war, the Irish

diplomatic service had an up-to-date understanding of the conflict. Documents on Irish Foreign Policy VII (1941-45) provides new insights into the secret diplomacy underpinning Ireland's wartime neutrality. It covers the 'Top Secret Second World War' liaison between the Irish and US/British intelligence services. It also illustrates the co-operation between the Department of External Affairs and the Defense Forces in the maintenance of Ireland's neutrality. The book includes previously unpublished confidential telegrams and reports from Irish diplomats in wartime Berlin, Vichy, Rome, Ottawa, London, and Washington. It provides an original documentary account of Irish attempts to save Jews from Nazi concentration camps, as well as previously unseen documents on Irish attitudes to the post-war rebuilding of Europe and the development of the United Nations. Additionally, it contains new information on Irish attitudes towards the origins of the Cold War and the Communist threat

to Europe.

British Policy on Hungary, 1918-1919 - Miklós Lojkó 1995

From Versailles to Locarno - Anna M. Cienciala 1984

Air Force Combat Units of World War II -

Decisions of the Commission - United States. Federal Communications Commission 1939

Eavesdropping on Hell - Robert J. Hanyok 2013-04-10

This recent government publication investigates an area often overlooked by historians: the impact of the Holocaust on the Western powers' intelligence-gathering community. A guide for researchers rather than a narrative study, it explains the archival organization of wartime records accumulated by the U.S. Army's Signal Intelligence Service and Britain's Government Code and Cypher School. In addition, it summarizes Holocaust-related information intercepted during

the war years and deals at length with the fascinating question of how information about the Holocaust first reached the West. The guide begins with brief summaries of the history of anti-Semitism in the West and early Nazi policies in Germany. An overview of the Allies' system of gathering communications intelligence follows, along with a list of American and British sources of cryptologic records. A concise review of communications intelligence notes items of particular relevance to the Holocaust's historical narrative, and the book concludes with observations on cryptology and the Holocaust. Numerous photographs illuminate the text.

Bibliographie internationale des recensions de la littérature savante - 1980

Collezioni di trattati e altre fonti di informazione nel campo del diritto e delle relazioni internazionali possedute dalla Biblioteca della Camera dei deputati - Italy. Parlamento. Camera dei

deputati. Biblioteca 1987

German Reparations, 1919 - 1932 - L. Gomes 2010-04-14

This book provides a historical narrative to tell the story of interwar German reparations - the debates, controversies and diplomacy surrounding the issue from the 1919 Paris peace conference to the abandonment of reparations at the Lausanne Conference in 1932.

Diary Of A Young Girl - Anne Frank 2001-11-19

In July 1942, Anne Frank And Her Family Fleeing The Horrors Of Nazi Occupation, Hid In The Back Of An Amsterdam Warehouse. Anne Was Thirteen When The Family Went Into The Secret Annexe, And Over The Next Two Years She Vividly Describes In Her Diary The Frustrations Of Living In Such Confined Quarters, The Constant Threat Of Discovery, Hunger And Tiredness, And, Above All, The Boredom. Her Diary Ends Abruptly When She And Her Family Were Finally Discovered By The Nazis In August 1944. The Author Was Born On 12 June 1929 And Died

While Imprisoned At Bergen-Belsen, Three Months Short Of Her Sixteenth Birthday. The Book Remains The Single Most Poignant True-Life Story To Emerge From The Second World War.

Origin Of The Second World War - A.J.P. Taylor 1996

From the Back Cover: From the moment of its publication in 1961, A.J.P. Taylor's seminal work caused a storm of praise and controversy, and it has since been recognized as a classic: the first book ever to examine exclusively and in depth the causes of the Second World War and to apportion the responsibility among Allies and Germans alike. With crisp, clear prose and brilliant analysis, Taylor established that the war, "far from being premeditated, was a mistake, the result on both sides of diplomatic blunders." He argued that Hitler was more an opportunist than an ideologue who owed his successes to Great Britain's and France's tacking between resistance and appeasement, and to an American policy akin to "the significant episode of

the dog in the night, to which Sherlock Holmes once drew attention. When Watson objected: 'But the dog did nothing in the night,' Holmes answered: 'That was the significant episode.' "The Times Literary Supplement called The Origins of the Second World War "simple, devastating, superlatively readable, and deeply disturbing," and it remains so now-a groundbreaking book of enduring importance.

Index to the Treaty of Peace Between the Allied and Associated Powers and Germany - 1920

Great Power Policies Towards Central Europe 1914-1945 - Aliaksandr Piahanau
2019-02-22

This book provides an overview of the various forms and trajectories of Great Power policy towards Central Europe between 1914 and 1945. This involves the analyses of diplomatic, military, economic and cultural perspectives of Germany, Russia, Britain, and the USA towards Hungary,

Poland, the Baltic States, Czechoslovakia and Romania. The contributions of established, as well as emerging, historians from different parts of Europe enriches the English language scholarship on the history of the international relations of the region. The volume is designed to be accessible and informative to both historians and wider audiences.

Contributors: Sorin Arhire, Ivan Basenko, Agne Cepinskyte, Oleg Ken, Tamás Magyarics, Halina Parafianowicz, Alexander Rupasov, Ignác Romsics and Artem Zorin.

Francia; Forschungen zur Westeuropaischen Geschichte - 1980

Diplomacy's Value - Brian C. Rathbun 2014-10-03

What is the value of diplomacy? How does it affect the course of foreign affairs independent of the distribution of power and foreign policy interests? Theories of international relations too often implicitly reduce the dynamics and outcomes of diplomacy to

structural factors rather than the subtle qualities of negotiation. If diplomacy is an independent effect on the conduct of world politics, it has to add value, and we have to be able to show what that value is. In *Diplomacy's Value*, Brian C. Rathbun sets forth a comprehensive theory of diplomacy, based on his understanding that political leaders have distinct diplomatic styles: coercive bargaining, reasoned dialogue, and pragmatic statecraft. Drawing on work in the psychology of negotiation, Rathbun explains how diplomatic styles are a function of the psychological attributes of leaders and the party coalitions they represent. The combination of these styles creates a certain spirit of negotiation that facilitates or obstructs agreement. Rathbun applies the argument to relations among France, Germany, and Great Britain during the 1920s as well as Palestinian-Israeli negotiations since the 1990s. His analysis, based on an intensive analysis of primary documents, shows

how different diplomatic styles can successfully resolve apparently intractable dilemmas and equally, how they can thwart agreements that were seemingly within reach.

Hunger in War and Peace -

Mary Elisabeth Cox 2019-05-09

At the outbreak of the First World War, Great Britain quickly took steps to initiate a naval blockade against Germany. In addition to military goods and other contraband, foodstuffs and fertilizer were also added to the list of forbidden exports to Germany. As the grip of the Blockade strengthened, Germans complained that civilians-particularly women and children-were going hungry because of it. The impact of the blockade on non-combatants was especially fraught during the eight month period of the Armistice when the blockade remained in force. Even though fighting had stopped, German civilians wondered how they would go through another winter of hunger. The issue became internationalised as civic leaders across the country

wrote books, pamphlets, and articles about their distress, and begged for someone to step in and relieve German women and children with food aid. Their pleas were answered with an outpouring of generosity from across the world. Some have argued, then and since, that these outcries were based on gross exaggerations based more on political need rather than actual want. This book examines what the actual nutritional statuses of women and children in Germany were during and following the War. Mary Cox uses detailed height and weight data for over 600,000 German children to show the true measure of overall deprivation, and to gauge infant recovery.

Francia - 1979

Remaking Central Europe -

Peter Becker 2021

A pioneering regional approach to the study of international order in Central Europe following the dissolution of the Habsburg Empire, and the subsequent creation of the League of Nations.

Debt and Entanglements Between the Wars -

Mr. Thomas J Sargent
2019-11-08

World War I created a set of forces that affected the political arrangements and economies of all the countries involved.

This period in global economic history between World War I and II offers rich material for studying international monetary and sovereign debt policies.

Debt and Entanglements between the Wars focuses on the experiences of the United States, United Kingdom, four countries in the British Commonwealth (Australia, New Zealand, Canada, Newfoundland), France, Italy, Germany, and Japan, offering unique insights into how political and economic interests influenced alliances, defaults, and the unwinding of debts.

The narratives presented show how the absence of effective international collaboration and resolution mechanisms inflicted damage on the global economy, with disastrous consequences.

[The Treaty of Versailles](#) - Stig

Förster 1998-09-13

This text scrutinizes the motives, actions, and constraints that informed decision making by the various politicians who bore the principal responsibility for drafting the Treaty of Versailles.

Paris 1919 - Margaret MacMillan
2002

Describes the six months following the end of the First World War when leaders of the great powers, as well as men and women from all over the world, all with their own agendas, converged on Paris to shape the peace, including Woodrow Wilson, Lloyd George, Clemenceau, T. E. Lawrence, Churchill, W. E. B. Dubois, and others. 30,000 first printing.

[Geschichtliche Landeskunde](#) -
1964

Troopships of World War II -

Roland Wilbur Charles 1947

"This book contains authentic photographs and salient facts covering 358 troopships used in World War II. In addition, other vessels of miscellaneous character, including Victory and

Liberty type temporary conversions for returning troops, are listed in the appendices ..."--Pref.

Sovereignty at the Paris Peace Conference of 1919 - Leonard V. Smith 2018

While the Paris Peace Conference of 1919 failed, in that it couldn't prevent WWII, Leonard V. Smith's groundbreaking work shows how it was instrumental in creating a new kind of international cooperation where national sovereignty was used to remake a new world order.

British Book News - 1980

International, Military & Intelligence History - George Urbaniak 1994

Rheinessen unter französischer Besatzung - Martin Süß 1988

Originally presented as the author's thesis (doctoral)--Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, 1988.
Beyond the Balance of Power - Peter Jackson 2013-12-05

This is a major study of French foreign and security policy in

the era of the Great War. Peter Jackson examines the interplay between contending conceptions of security based on traditional practices of power politics and the new internationalist doctrines that emerged in the late nineteenth century.

Customary International Humanitarian Law - Jean-Marie Henckaerts 2005-03-03
Customary International Humanitarian Law, Volume I: Rules is a comprehensive analysis of the customary rules of international humanitarian law applicable in international and non-international armed conflicts. In the absence of ratifications of important treaties in this area, this is clearly a publication of major importance, carried out at the express request of the international community. In so doing, this study identifies the common core of international humanitarian law binding on all parties to all armed conflicts.
Comment Don:RWI.

An Unknown Future and a Doubtful Present - Charles E. Kirkpatrick 1991-04

CMH Pub. 93-10. 1st printing. On cover: World War 2 50th Anniversary Commemorative Edition. Spine title reads: Writing the Victory Plan of 1941. Describes the planning process that Major Albert Coady Wedemeyer used in the summer of 1941 to write the plan that became the outline for mobilization and operations during World War 2. Includes an appendix, "The Army Portion of the Victory Plan, Ultimate Requirements Study, Estimate of Ground Forces." Also includes photographs, footnotes, a bibliography, and an index.

Aviation in the U.S. Army, 1919-1939 - Maurer Maurer 1987

The British National Bibliography - Arthur James Wells 1976

From Versailles to Baghdad - Fred Tanner 1992

Documents on British Foreign Policy, 1919-1939 - Great Britain. Foreign Office 1946
Her Majesty's government in

the United Kingdom have decided to publish the most important documents in the Foreign Office archives relating to British foreign policy between 1919 and 1939 in three series: the 1st ser. covering from 1919-1930, the 2d from 1930-39, the 3d from Mar. 1938 to the outbreak of the War.

The Economic Blockade - William Norton Medlicott 1952

The German Inflation 1914-1923 - Carl-Ludwig Holtfrerich 1986-01-01

Empires at War - Robert Gerwarth 2014-07-03
Empires at War, 1911-1923 offers a new perspective on the history of the Great War. It expands the story of the war both in time and space to include the violent conflicts that preceded and followed the First World War, from the 1911 Italian invasion of Libya to the massive violence that followed the collapse of the Ottoman, Russian, and Austrian empires until 1923. It also presents the war as a global war of empires

rather than a European war between nation-states. This volume tells the story of the millions of imperial subjects called upon to defend their imperial governments' interest, the theatres of war that lay far beyond Europe, and the wartime roles and experiences of innumerable peoples from outside the European continent. *Empires at War* covers the broad, global mobilizations that saw African soldiers and Chinese labourers in the trenches of the Western Front, Indian troops in Jerusalem, and the Japanese military occupying Chinese territory. Finally, the volume shows how the war set

the stage for the collapse not only of specific empires, but of the imperial world order writ large.

The Lights that Failed - Zara S. Steiner 2007

"In 'The Lights that Failed', Steiner challenges the assumption that the Treaty of Versailles led to the opening of a second European war and provides an analysis of the attempts to reconstruct Europe during the 1920s"-OCLC *Colonial Captivity during the First World War* - Mahon Murphy 2018

This new analysis of internment outside Europe helps us to understand the First World War as a truly global conflict.